It's the Refill that counts!
GLOBUS

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THE JERUSALEM POST

SURE
there's nothing like SONOL SPECIAL
the year-round motor oil

UNEF troops in the Congo have contributed greatly to the restoration of security and order in the new State. There seems little doubt about this bare fact. More details than are available at present are needed to establish the role played by the Belgian troops or the Europeans' self-defence organization, and also the extent to which the first impulse which started the disorders had spent itself by the time the U.N. appeared on the scene.

U.N. IN CONGO

This is only the second time that an international military force has been sent to a trouble spot. The circumstances, of course, are entirely different. In Sinai, the UNEF's role today is to remind a would-be belligerent that war has been officially outlawed. In the Congo, it is to remind local troops that an Army is meant to defend the country from external foes. The similarity in both cases consists of the fact that the main duty of the UNEF is not to fight a battle, but to supervise an armistice. The question, in both cases, is for how long the armistice will be in need of supervision from outside.

The UNEF has been in Sinai for the past three and a half years. Sooner or later, there will be need to reconsider the situation. One may assume, from past experience, that this re-consideration will arise under some emergency, when the stress of the moment will not give time for careful consideration.

Simple logic indicates that the UNEF is essentially an ad-hoc device, created to solve specific problems as they arise. In the Congo, for instance, it was of the greatest importance that Dr. Bunche decided that African troops would answer best, and be most likely to be accepted, by the Congolese mutineers. Such essential problems as exist in the Congo—specifically that of Katanga's wish to secede—cannot be solved by the U.N. presence, because it is political in character.

UNEF has prevented renewed Egyptian interference at Sharm-es-Sheikh, but it has not furthered Israel-Egyptian relations. This problem is the establishment of peace, and peace can be achieved only by direct talks between Israel and Egypt, when the day comes on which Egypt wishes peace. The problem of UNEF in the Congo is internal peace, and about the need for that there is no difference of opinion.

The Secretary-General of the United Nations has again been strongly advocating the creation of a permanent U.N. military force, seeing in it the best way to stop bush fires. Whether the tremendous organization and expenditure involved would justify itself, remains questionable, especially in view of the fact that in each emergency there will most likely be a need to take troops from specific areas and not from others.

The U.N. have no political authority in any country. We have not reached the stage of world government. It is doubtful whether many countries would accept it. A permanent military body could itself develop political influence where there should be none. If it is planned that U.N. troops should stay for a period of years in the Congo, that would mean the creation of more or less permanent staff and organization, which would inevitably develop interests of its own.

One would rather see a development towards another goal. It is the business of the U.N. troops to organize themselves into the job by aiding the U.N. to establish stable peace, in Sinai as well as in the Congo. The job of the U.N. is peace, not indefinite administration in trouble spots, and this aim should be kept firmly in sight.

Terms of Settlement Awaited:

ISRAEL-ARGENTINE DISPUTE ENDING

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

A joint Israel-Argentine communique, announcing the official ending of the dispute between the two countries over the Eichmann affair, is to be published within the next few days, it is learned in Jerusalem.

The decision to issue such a communique follows last Thursday's meetings in Buenos Aires of Ambassador Shabtai Rosenne, the Legal Adviser to the Israel Foreign Ministry, with President Arturo Frondizi, and with Foreign Minister Diogenes Taboada. These meetings were held in a cordial atmosphere and paved the way for a final settlement of the dispute.

A communique issued by the Argentine Foreign Ministry on Thursday night said that Mr. Taboada had received Dr. Rosenne and that during the meeting they discussed the problems stemming from the recent events connected with the Eichmann affair.

It added that the hope was expressed that the existing friction should come to an end and that the traditional good relations between the two countries should be resumed.

Reuter quotes diplomatic sources in Buenos Aires Thursday as saying that Argentine-Israel differences over the Eichmann Affair had been finally settled.

Paris Magazine Claims Bormann is Still Alive

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Martin Bormann is alive, and while he has so far eluded capture, it was his trail that led Jewish volunteers to Eichmann, according to an article published here in August's issue of the popular monthly "Lecture pour Tous."

The 30,000-word article, appearing under the signature Victor Alexandrov, is claimed in half-page advertisements published in French dailies to relate "the whole truth" about Eichmann.

A touch of authenticity is provided by accompanying photographs showing Eichmann in his heyday as a mass-murderer escorting Himmler around Auschwitz; as a fond father cuddling his son in Prague; as a member of a village wedding party in post-war Germany; as a fugitive in Brazil wearing a gaucho's costume; as a public works foreman in Argentina; and, lastly, as a rabbit breeder in a Buenos Aires suburb.

There is also a picture of Eichmann's wife Veronika, with their son Ricardo Francisco, aged five, holding a cat. In addition, there is a photostat copy of a letter with a "Heil Hitler" greeting, written in May, 1954, in Buenos Aires by Von Leers, formerly Goebbel's henchman and now Nasser's counsellor on Jewish Affairs, to a person named Mana Truhill, of the National Renaissance Party, at Audubon Avenue, New York — U.S. headquarters of the neo-Nazi international.

According to the magazine article, Bormann, Hitler's deputy, when last heard of war with Von Leers and other Nazis at the neo-Nazi headquarters in Buenos Aires, at 863 Avenue Martin Haedo. It is alleged that a Swiss bank, where Bormann has an "anonymous" account, to this day receives—and honours—cheques signed by him under a pseudonym.

It is reported that Eichmann was finally given away by his discarded German mistress Anna, who "sold" his whereabouts for money to buy a cafe in Rosario, Argentina.

The article names the Jewish volunteers hunting Bormann and Eichmann in separate teams, Simon Wiesenthal, Asher Ben-Natan, Max Levinsky, Simon Gold, Aron Friedwald, Jack Karens, Gordon Margoulis, and Adolf Tauber, alias Beridze, a former Soviet officer commanding the Sixth N.K.V.D. Regiment.

The majority are apparently non-Israelis, according to this paper, and their operations were reportedly financed over a long period by a Jewish industrialist in Geneva who lost his entire family in Auschwitz. His identity is not disclosed.

Anti-Rhee Democrats Sweep S. Korea Polls

SEOUL, South Korea. — The moderate Democratic party scored a landslide win in Friday's general election, with incomplete returns giving it at least 157 seats in the 233-seat Lower House.

The Liberal party of deposed President Syngman Rhee suffered a crushing defeat, and its sole candidate who was definitely elected was forced by a mob to announce his resignation.

The voting was marred by violence and ballot-burning by Koreans protesting either against Liberal party candidates or against alleged vote frauds by Democrats.

Ballot boxes in at least five cities were burned and new elections were officially called in four districts.

The Democrat party, although victorious, is split into two factions. Its titular head, Dr. John M. Chang, is a leading candidate for the Premiership when the Lower House votes on the appointment in mid-August. But the leader of the anti-Chang Democrats, Yoon Bo-Sung, declared yesterday his group recognizes no claim by Chang. *(AP, UPI)*

Cyprus Votes Today

NICOSIA (Reuter). — About 250,000 Cypriots are eligible to vote today for the first of the three Houses of Parliament which must be set up before the Republic of Cyprus is proclaimed on August 16.

They will be electing the 35 Greek and 15 Turkish members of the House of Representatives. Next Sunday they will go to the polls again to elect the two Communal chambers.

STORMS LASH U.S. EAST COAST

CHICAGO (AP). — A tropical storm pounded the eastern U.S. coast on Saturday, tossing ships like toys in a bathtub and spreading torrential rain over a wide area.

Gale warnings were posted from Charleston, South Carolina, to Cape May, New Jersey, as tropical storm "Brenda" moved up the east coast, pushing its turbulence into southern New England.

Raul Castro Returns; Power-Struggle Rumour

HAVANA. — Raul Castro, Cuba's Armed Forces Minister, returned by air yesterday from Cairo amid speculation that his brother, ailing Premier Fidel Castro, may be involved in a power struggle with a top aide, communist-oriented Ernesto "Che" Guevara.

The Premier's brother had been visiting Cairo after a tour that took him to Russia and Czechoslovakia. His unexpected return to Havana touched off rumours of a major shake-up in the Cuban Government.

While in Cairo, Raul Castro said on Thursday he had had a five-hour talk in Moscow with Soviet Premier Khrushchev, "but we signed no agreements."

Asked for his views on Israel, Castro said: "We stand against any country which is used as a pawn in the hands of bigger countries, and we stand for countries which have just causes, as the U.A.R. has." *(UPI, Reuter)*

NASSER MAY VISIT MEXICO

MEXICO CITY (AP). — Abdul Nasser will pay a visit to Mexico next March, the newspaper "Novedades" said here on Friday.

Nasser expressed that desire in a recent interview in Alexandria with the newspaper's representative there.

Transport Workers Int'l Urges Action to End Suez Blockade

The International Transport Workers Federation on Friday overwhelmingly approved a resolution demanding action to end the U.A.R. blockade of Israel shipping and merchandise which is a "condition intolerable" to seamen.

The resolution said that the Federation's 20th congress meeting in Berne:

Notes with grave concern that the U.A.R. Government continues to restrict the freedom of navigation through the Suez Canal.

Observes that freedom of navigation is one of the fundamental requirements of world trade and world peace and the livelihood of seafarers.

Observes further that detention and blacklisting of ships of other nations by the U.A.R. Government threatens the livelihood of seafarers and other workers and has resulted in industrial and retaliatory incidents and in aggravating relationships.

Stresses that maritime

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 4)

Iran Gov't To Ignore Nasser Tirades

TEHERAN. — The Deputy Premier in Charge of Iran's press and radio, M. Nosrat-Ullah Mocsinian, told a news conference yesterday that his Government had decided to ignore Abdul Nasser's "disintegrical propaganda" directed against Iran.

Mr. Mocsinian said Iran's *de facto* recognition of Israel is a 10-year-old fact. He said Nasser is desperately worried about Iran's friendly ties with Islamic countries and improved relations with Jordan and Iraq, and therefore tries to intrigue with Iran's friends.

He said his department "will continue to fight Nasser's boss (meaning the Soviet Union) and will leave him to struggle with his deteriorating economic, political and social problems in Egypt."

Mr. Mocsinian welcomed Iraq Premier Kassem's statement to the press which said Iran's *de facto* recognition of Israel was nothing new. Mr. Mocsinian said all Arab leaders have expressed regret at Nasser's attitude toward Iran.

The Deputy Prime Minister said Nasser's "shouting" resulted from worry about Iran's popularity in the Arab world, including the sheikhdoms of the Persian Gulf who, at one time, were potential victims of Nasser's "lust for leadership."

In Washington, on Friday, the Iranian Chargé d'Affaires, Dr. Khosro Khosrovani, told a press conference that his country will not re-establish relations with the UAR "as long as its ruler cannot even behave in accordance with the most elementary code of international behaviour."

He explained that Nasser "in a bitter and irresponsible speech shamelessly attacked Iran and her sacred institutions, severing diplomatic relations with her on the mere pretext that she had given recognition to the Israel Government...."

"The Imperial Government of Iran is truly astonished by these baseless, ridiculous, and irresponsible allegations which are definitely contrary to the spirit of friendship between Moslem nations. Nasser should know and realize that Iran is an independent nation which will not tolerate interference from any foreign power. He should furthermore bear in mind that he is no lord protector of Middle Eastern and Moslem countries."

Nasser's "National Assembly" late Thursday night called on other Arab countries to break off diplomatic relations with Iran.

Kassem Keeps Cool

Earlier, Nasser had met a severe rebuff when Iraqi Premier Kassem told a press conference in Baghdad that he was more or less satisfied with the situation and had no intention of taking any action against Iran. He claimed that it was Iraqi influence which prevented the Shah from extending *de jure* recognition to Israel.

Kassem said that when he first heard of the Shah's statement at his press conference last Saturday, he and his Foreign Minister had asked Teheran to supply the full official text.

This showed, the Iraqi leader said, that the Shah had said recognition had been given ten years ago and that there was no change in Iran's policy. The Shah himself did not specify it was only *de facto* recognition, but since everyone knows that that was what happened 10 years ago, this was what the Shah obviously had in mind, Kassem explained.

Both "The Times" in London and the "New York Times" have criticized Nasser's tirade against the Shah. The latter said it "makes no sense by normal reasoning... The Shah deserves great credit for acting with dignity and courage."

The "Washington Post" also said in an editorial on Friday: "A salute is in order to the Shah of Iran for providing a whisper of reason in an area driven by fanatic hatred." *(AP, Reuter)*

Russia Has Rocket-Subs, Says Red Navy Admiral

LONDON (AP). — The Deputy Commander-in-Chief of the Soviet Navy, Admiral Arseni Golovko, said yesterday that the Russian fleet now has rocket-firing submarines which can hit targets "on remote enemy territory."

The statement was issued in a Moscow radio broadcast marking the celebration of Soviet Navy Day today (Sunday).

It appeared designed to stress that Russia is a step ahead of America's programme for production of submarines able to fire Polaris strategic missiles.

The Admiral said Premier Khrushchev has personally devoted great attention to raising the navy's combat power and that submarine forces now "assume the greatest importance."

Another Polaris Fired From Under the Water

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida (AP). — The U.S. Navy yesterday fired another Polaris missile from a submerged submarine. There was no immediate report on its performance, but it appeared to perform normally in the brief period it was in sight.

Macmillan to Bonn Next Week

British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan has accepted an invitation to confer in Bonn with West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer on August 10-11. This was announced yesterday as Chancellor Adenauer flew back to Bonn after two days of talks in Paris with President de Gaulle.

The French and German leaders were reported to have decided on "new and strong moves" regarding European and Atlantic policies.

A German source hinted that top-level meetings of Western Government leaders — in some disfavour after the breakdown of the summit meetings — were going to be resumed.

Concrete moves were outlined by Adenauer and de Gaulle, an informant said, but nothing would be divulged until allies were informed and gave their approval.

Unity of Europe

The informant said the talks covered not only European unification, but relations within the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and strictly bi-lateral French-German affairs.

French Premier Michel Debre will visit Germany in the late summer or early autumn.

The London announcement that Premier Macmillan will confer with Dr. Adenauer early next month added that the object of the meeting will be "to review the current situation in the light of events since Chancellor Adenauer's visit to London."

Dr. Adenauer was last in London in November.

Mr. Macmillan will be accompanied by his new Foreign Minister, the Earl of Home. *(Reuter, UPI, AP)*

Algerian Rebels Urge Round-Table Parley

ROME (UPI). — Algerian nationalists on Friday called for a round-table conference to end the five-year-old war in Algeria.

The initiative was taken by the Algerian Nationalist Movement (M.N.A.), the original and less extreme wing of the Algerian rebels. It was aimed at ending the stalemate, following talks between French officials and Algerian National Liberation Front (F.L.N.) representatives last month, which failed.

"The initiative," M.N.A. Secretary-General Moulay Merbath told a news conference here, "may well be made through the Tunisian or Moroccan governments. The possibility is under serious consideration."

In Lyons, France, an Algerian terrorist, Abderramahane Lakliffi, was guillotined at dawn on Saturday, despite an urgent appeal by Soviet Premier Khrushchev to President de Gaulle, asking that the man's life be spared.

Lakliffi had been convicted of leading an F.L.N. "shock unit" in an attack on a French police station in which seven persons were wounded.

Four men were executed in Oran yesterday for terrorist activities—including murder.

Gen. Gursel Warns UAR: Hands Off Alexandretta

ISKENDERUN, Turkey (AP). — The Turkish Chief of State, General Cemal Gursel, on Friday received acclaim from a wildly cheering audience here when he said that Hatay province was "an inseparable chunk" of Turkish territory, and that Turks would "smash the hand which would try to grab it."

The head of the Turkish revolutionary Government was referring to recent UAR claims over Hatay province, adjoining Syria, and formerly known as the Sandjak of Alexandretta.

Unmanned American Space Ship Flops

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida (UPI). — The first working model of America's man-into-space capsule was apparently blown to bits miles high in the sky on Friday when the Atlas missile it was riding exploded 65 seconds after a smooth launching.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration made this terse announcement little more than two hours after the inaugural flight of the type of craft that soon will carry an American on a journey into space:

"Some event occurred of a catastrophic nature, probably an explosion," about 65 seconds after the big rocket and its bell-shaped capsule were fired.

Scientists said the one-ton capsule probably plunged into the Atlantic Ocean and sank between four and 12 miles east of Cape Canaveral.

They said that, had an astronaut been aboard, the escape system would have worked "in plenty of time" to get him safely away from the exploding rocket.

Talks on U.K. Bases For U.S. Rocket Subs

LONDON (UPI). — Britain disclosed on Friday she is holding exploratory talks with the U.S. on the use of British ports by American rocket-firing submarines.

A Foreign Office spokesman explained that existing agreements on U.S. medium rocket bases and Air Force bomber planes in Britain do not cover facilities for submarines.

Ghana to Boycott South Africa

ACCRA, Ghana. — The Ghana Government on Friday announced it is launching a boycott of South African goods and citizens as from Monday.

From August 1, the Government said, all South African whites will be declared prohibited immigrants here unless they formally declare their opposition to apartheid and racial discrimination.

The Government ruled that anybody making a false declaration would be liable to 12 months in jail.

A boycott of South African goods will also start the same day. All Ghanaian sea- and airports will be closed to South African shipping and planes, except in the case of ships in distress.

The official announcement said the Ghanaian boycott was timed as a demonstration of Commonwealth solidarity to coincide with a boycott scheduled to start in Malaya on August 1.

A Ghana Trade Ministry spokesman said the Government had fully considered its obligations under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) before imposing the boycott, and was "entirely satisfied that its action is in complete accord with the agreement."

There has, in fact, been a virtual ban on South African imports since last summer, following a boycott call by the Ghana Trades Union Congress and the Ghana Chamber of Commerce.

According to South African trading figures, Ghana last year exported £2.8m. worth of goods to South Africa, while she imported from the Union goods to the value of £2m.

These figures, however, differ widely from those released by Ghana, according to which Ghana imported £2m. worth of goods from South Africa while exporting £1m. worth. *(UPI, AP)*

Autonomy for Nagas

NEW DELHI (AP). — Prime Minister Nehru yesterday accepted the demand of a separate state within India for Nagas.

Agreement between the central government and a delegation of Nagas from the jungled hills of East India seeks to end years of guerilla warfare by Nagas who want complete independence from India.

Legislation will be introduced to modify the Indian Constitution to create a Nagaland of 6,236 square miles and population of some 400,000.

Nixon Pledges Freedom Fight; Lodge Chosen as Running-Mate

CHICAGO. — The U.S. Ambassador to the U.N., Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, was on Thursday night nominated as the Republican Party's Vice-Presidential candidate. Shortly afterwards, Vice-President Richard Nixon, the party's candidate for the Presidency, told the wildly cheering Republican convention here that America's choice in the November elections could affect the future of civilization.

The decision on the nomination of Mr. Lodge for the Vice-Presidency was quick, fore-ordained, and unanimous on the first ballot.

Making his acceptance speech at the convention's closing session, Mr. Nixon said that exactly 100 years ago the decision facing Abraham Lincoln when he was nominated by a Republican convention was freedom for the slaves.

'Freedom for All'

"The question now is freedom for all mankind and the survival of civilization," he said.

Of the Democrats, Mr. Nixon said they had "promised everybody everything without exception — but they didn't promise to pay the bill."

He said the next President "must resolve first that the U.S. must never settle for second best in anything..... the next President must be firm — firm in principle, but never belligerent.... He must leave no doubt at any time, whether in Berlin or Cuba or anywhere else, that America will not tolerate being pushed around by anyone....

Attacks Kennedy

Mr. Nixon evoked a great wave of boos when he recalled that it was Senator John Kennedy, the Democratic Presidential nominee, who, "in his brashness," suggested that President Eisenhower should have apologized to Mr. Khrushchev over the U-2 plane incident.

Mr. Nixon got his biggest cheer when he said: "Mr. Khrushchev has said that our grandchildren will be Communists. Let us tell him that his grandchildren will be free."

Mr. Nixon was introduced by Governor Nelson Rockefeller, who himself at one time had notions of running for the Presidential nomination.

U.N. Signs Pact With Congo 'To Finish Job'

To Keep Out of Katanga

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — The U.N. has promised the Congolese Government, in a joint agreement published yesterday that it will maintain a force in the Congo until it deems the task there has been "fully accomplished."

The document was initialled in Leopoldville by the Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, and a Congo Minister.

It also said that Mr. Hammarskjold and Congolese Government representatives would "proceed immediately" to "explore jointly specific aspects of the fortifianing of the U.N. forces, notably in respect of its deployment, questions of lines of communications and supply..."

The agreement did not spell out the main deployment areas, but reports received here yesterday indicated that the force was stationed in all the key cities, except in the breakway province of Katanga.

Mr. Hammarskjold has said publicly that he considers his mandate from the Security Council means that the force may be deployed anywhere in the Congo. But, at the same time, he has said it cannot interfere in internal Congolese differences.

Delegation to N.Y.

A delegation from Katanga was in Brussels yesterday on its way here to press the province's case for secession.

A Congolese source said later the Congolese Government had obtained "some kind of U.N. intervention" in Katanga. The source said the intervention would probably take the form of a visit by a delegation.

He added that the Congolese Government had taken a strong line with the Secretary-General in trying to persuade him to send troops to the province which had seceded from the Congo.

But Mr. Hammarskjold, according to the source, took the view that diplomacy was a better method than force. The source said a strong contingent of Congolese favoured immediate military intervention while a less extremist line was being taken by followers of Foreign Minister Justin Bomboko.

Council Resolutions

Earlier Mr. Hammarskjold and the Congo Cabinet announced in a communique in Leopoldville the establishment of a Congolese commission to carry out, in cooperation with the Secretary-General, the Security Council resolutions on the Congo, "and notably on questions relating to the problems of the Katanga."

The two Security Council resolutions on the Congo call for the speedy withdrawal of Belgian troops. They also call on all states to refrain from action which might "undermine the territorial integrity and political independence of the Republic of the Congo."

Belgian troops are withdrawing from the Leopoldville area but show no signs of leaving Katanga, where Prime Minister Moise Tshombe has said he would regard the entry of U.N. troops as an act of war.

Curfew to Prevent Labour Trouble

LEOPOLDVILLE (AP). — The Interior Ministry of Leopoldville Province yesterday abruptly announced the imposition of a new curfew starting last night "to prevent possible trouble which could be provoked by dissatisfaction at the end of the month."

This is a guarded reference to the fact that many Congolese workers have not received their pay as is usual at the end of the month. In some cases, their jobs have been ended by the departure of their Belgian employers, in others by the closing of firms during the Congo Army mutiny.

Lumumba Achieves Aims in Canada

OTTAWA. — Mr. Patrice Lumumba, the Congo Prime Minister, had an hour-long meeting with Prime Minister John Diefenbaker here yesterday and then said he was leaving for home because his objective had been "achieved."

Mr. Lumumba, who arrived Friday night from Washington, had been scheduled to stay in the Canadian capital until today. But he said he planned to fly to New York yesterday evening and would then leave for home. He said there was no reason to delay his homeward journey any longer.

Earlier, Mr. Lumumba had received the Soviet Ambassador to Canada in his hotel.

Informed sources here said a total of 300 Canadian signals troops would leave for the Congo in about 10 days.

In Washington yesterday, the U.S. State Department formally disassociated itself from Mr. Lumumba's charges that Belgium committed aggression against the Congo by rushing troops there when rioting broke out.

"We are satisfied that the Government of Belgium sent its troops to the Congo in order to protect the lives which were endangered and that it had no aggressive intent," the U.S. State Department said.

On leaving the U.S. for Canada on Friday, Mr. Lumumba blasted alleged Belgian aggression anew while Under-Secretary of State Douglas Dillot stood beside him at the airport.

"Today all of Africa is threatened by Belgium," Mr. Lumumba had said. *(Reuter, AP)*

$70m. World Bank Loan for India

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The World Bank on Friday made a loan of $70m. to India for the improvement and expansion of the Indian railways.

World Bank Deputy Director Remond Goodman arrived in Amman on Friday for talks with Jordanian officials on development projects to be financed by the Bank.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Tom Mboya, African nationalist leader, was hurt, it is believed seriously, in a car crash last night on the main Nairobi-Mombasa road.

Biting Comment...

As one mosquito was recently overheard to remark to its mate: One is actually compelled to emigrate! Since people have started using "COMPELLER," the new Insect Repellent Cream of "Tova" Laboratories — I haven't had a bite for days!

(Abel)

A Management Game
will be held for the first time in Israel on August 14, 1960. Top business executives interested in participating should write to:
ISUD HAYA'AL B.M. Management Consultants, P.A.K. 4135, Tel Aviv.

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Social & Personal

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, held a reception at her home last night for 300 Hadassah Pilgrims who are here for the dedication of the Medical Centre at Ein Kerem on Wednesday.

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A reception was held at the American Histadrut Centre on Thursday night on the occasion of its fourth anniversary and to say farewell to a group of American Histadrut workers. Greetings were extended by U.S. Ambassador Ogden Reid; Mayor Mordechai Namir of Tel Aviv; Mrs. Yehudit Simhoni, head of the Histadrut Political Department; Mr. Yehoshua Levi Ts... ...rer of the Histadrut. Messrs. Israel Stoiarsky, William Welpert and Miss Shosh... H...rell. Mr. Isaac Hamlin presided.

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A cornerstone laying ceremony for the Edward D. and Anna Mitchell Trade School in Beersheba was held on Thursday. Those present included Mayor David Tou-vishu; I. Sweedlow, director of the Histadrut Trade School Department; I. Stolarsky, associate secretary of the American Histadrut Campaign; representatives of the local Labour Council and members of the teaching staff.

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Miss Rachel Smiley, National Chairman of Constitution of the Hadassah Wizo Organization of Canada, last week visited the Baby Home and other Wizo institutions in Jerusalem.

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Dr. Michael Weingarten, of Beth Israel Hospital, New York, will lecture on "Diagnosis of Small Intestinal Tumors," tonight, at 7.45, in Lecture Hall "A", Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

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Prof. N. O. Kaplan, of Brandeis University, will lecture on "Differentiation and Evolution of Enzymes" under the auspices of the Hebrew University, today, at 4.30 p.m., in Lecture Hall "A", Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

Wounded Burmese Trainee Recovers

KFAR HESS. — The Burmese agricultural trainee, Nao Mai, who was wounded in a shooting accident six weeks ago, returned to his Israel home here last week.

As Mai speaks only Burmese, the Burmese Embassy requested Mrs. Florence Solomon, of Kibbutz Ramat Hakovesh, to act as his interpreter. Mrs. Solomon, who was born in Burma, stayed at Mai's bedside for two weeks.

Mai praised the treatment he had received and thanked the doctors and nurses for "their excellent care." A reception was held on his return to the moshav.

He had been accidentally shot by his four-year-old son while out hunting.

Leinsdorf, Tucker, 'Met' Singers Leave

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The conductor and singers of the Metropolitan Opera Company who appeared with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra in a series of concert performances of Verdi's "La Forza del Destino" left Israel on Friday.

Conductor Erich Leinsdorf and Mr. Richard Tucker were here with their families, and their children spent some time at kibbutzim. Both hope to return within the next two years.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Meir, 46 Jaffa Road, 4182.
TEL AVIV: Abramski, 42 Allenby, 63336; Frankel, 93 King George, opp. Gan Meir, 23721; Nordau, 161 Ben Yehuda, 23573; Yehuda Halevi, 91 Yehuda Halevi, 63156. JAFFA: Nous, near Nous Cinema, 81256. PETAH TIKVA: Asouta, 7 Stemfer, 911710. HOLON: Brist, 104 Sokolow. BAT YAM: Hahaluts, 8 Hahalutzim. GIVATAYIM: Fisherman, 71 Kassuto-Jason. BENE-YOT: Segal, 184 Herzl, 98-1228. HERZLIYA: Zabielski. NATANYA: Assuta.
HAIFA: Halfon, 1 Massada, 2359.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Greenwald, 22 Yehudova Ha-Nun, 62968. Dr. Zapler, Allenby Barracks, 28/B Mo'on Academaim. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Blass, 8 Shimshon, 28748. Dr. Garman, 38 Frishman—corner 10 Sefarim. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff, 27027. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlozoroff, 83795. Dr. Simon, 43 Kaplan Kaganoff, 61574.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 9 Hanevi'im, 3466.

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LA PERICHOLE
Offenbach's Sparkling Operetta
Wed., August 3
LA TRAVIATA
Mon., August 8
All seats start at 9.30
Tickets at the box office
Tel. 63-63, 63-64, Tel. 27727
Pre. Rassat dim.

3 Children Kept Hidden 13 Years

TECUMSEH, Ontario (UPI). — Three pale, backward teenagers moved into the world today after 13 years during which they were hidden in the home of their mother who decided to conceal part of her large family when she could not find housing accommodation.

Gordon Dickerson, 14, able to walk but uncertain of himself, slipped out of the house in Tecumseh, a suburb of Windsor, Ontario, on Thursday, and was seen by a neighbour for the first time.

Mrs. Forest Richards asked the boy about himself. He told her of his two sisters, aged 13 and 18. The woman phoned the police who took the children to hospital for observation.

A policeman said Gordon was quite intelligent, but his growth seemed retarded and he is about the size of an eight-year-old. The family said he learned to talk about two years ago and can also count.

Thirteen-year-old Glenda was just learning to walk and could talk in a whisper. Constance, the 18-year-old sister is physically retarded after being a victim of rickets about eight years ago.

Mrs. Shirley Leach, 38, the children's mother, told police she moved to Windsor from Detroit in 1950 with her six children. When they had trouble finding a home, she moved into a flat in which three children were acceptable, by telling the landlady she only had three children.

In 1952, the family moved to a rented house in Tecumseh. Mrs. Leach said all her friends by that time thought she had only three children, and she was too embarrassed to reveal the other three.

Mrs. Leach's three other children led normal lives. The three "hidden" youngsters remained in the house, playing mainly upstairs, where there is a large hallway and two small rooms. They were slipped out at night for a few minutes.

A policeman who investigated the case said Gordon got out of the house when his mother went to keep a dentist appointment.

The children themselves were clean and well dressed. There was lots of food in the house. There were toys all over the place, a T.V. set, radio and books.

The constable said the children were up to date on everything. "Connie wanted to talk about who is going to be President of the U.S., and she knew all about baseball and hockey," he said.

He added that the parents were afraid that if they let the children go outside after so long inside, other children would make fun of them.

Victory over Polio in Sight

COPENHAGEN (AP). — The Fifth International Polio Conference ended in Copenhagen on Thursday in an atmosphere of optimism and with promises to hasten the day when polio will no longer menace the world.

The final discussions marked out clearly the difference in concept — those who believe in the inactivated Salk vaccine and those who consider the "live" vaccine far superior. But both camps agreed that improved polio vaccines made from either brand will speed up the war on polio, with final victory almost in sight.

Several Western countries, among them the U.S., Sweden and Denmark, reported favourable results from application of the Salk (inactivated) vaccine. But the Russians preferred the live Sabin vaccine.

Dr. M. P. Chumakov, of the Polio Research Institute, Moscow, told the conference that the Sabin strains were manufactured in the Soviet Union in the form of lollipops, about the size of a cherry stone.

He produced a box of vaccine candies, and delighted the delegates by munching them during the lecture. More than 200m. vaccine lollipops have so far been produced in Russia.

It was reported that some 80m. Russians have been vaccinated with the live virus, while seven millions have received the inactivated virus injections. Mass checks showed that the live virus was far superior, the Russian scientists reported.

BRAWL. — One youth was shot dead and another wounded in a brawl in Chicago on Thursday night between two rival Negro gangs — the "Cobras," and the "Vice Lords."

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• Film Shows:—
Israel films — daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon-1 p.m.
• Tours:—
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Sirkus Health Centre.
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, Hebrew University Campus.
Yad Vashem: — Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibitions, daily 11 a.m.
• Exhibitions:—
Rina Gallery, 13 Shlomzion Hamalka. Tel. 3823. New paintings by Rakia. Today: 10-2; tomorrow: 11-1, 5 p.m. to 10.30 p.m.
"Kitchen Exhibition" — Max Brenner Artisan Centre, Rehov Bezalel. 10-1, 4-8. Admission free.
Artists House: 10-1, 4-7. Works by Iceland's foremost painters. Paintings by Paul Kerner and Dov Ben-David.
Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 63727. Paintings by Jona Mach, I. Aschheim, E. Raphaeli, Josef Stern, Pima, Dobrin, Rakia. Purchases mailed upon request.
"Israel Today" permanent exhibition, Binyanei Hauoma, 10-1, 4-6.
Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Permanent Exhibition of Antiquities from the Neolithic to the Byzantine Periods. Temporary Exhibition: Recent Excavations at Tel Mor, Beit Shean and fort near Tavneh Yam, 9-1, 4-6.
• Bezalel National Museum: — Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art, Archaeological Objects, Primitive Art, Big Gallery closed July 31 to August 5. Pablo Picasso: Prints, Plants and Birds. Paintings, drawings and prints by Ali Freedberg (all from Museum's collection). Today: 9-13; tomorrow: 10-1.
Bezalel Art Library: Ornaments of all Countries, 9-12.
Bezalel School of Arts & Crafts: Students' Exhibition, 10-1.
• Zoo:
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8-7.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre:—
Habimah: "Mademoiselle," 8.30.
Ohel: "The Brave Soldier Schwejk," 8.30.
• Dine and Dance:—
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 28073.
• I.Y.O.A. House:—
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• Tourist Service:—
Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 29239.
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 24525, 9 a.m.-2 p.m.
• Tours:—
Mestest Haposlot-Pioneer Women tour daily from Sunday to Wednesday, 9 a.m. from the Ya'ad Hapoel Bldg., 22 Rehov Arlozoroff. Tel Aviv, Tel. 21911.
• Zoological Gardens:—
Open 9 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.
• Exhibitions:—
Art Gallery, Artists Pavilion, 9 Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.
Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-5.
• Tel Aviv Museum:—
Dizengoff House:— Exhibition of paintings, sketches and prints by Shraga Weil. 10-1, 4-7.
Exhibition of pictures in metal colours by Yehuda Ben-Yehuda.
Helena Rubinstein Art Pavilion, 10-1; 4-7.

HAIFA

• Circus:—
Warsaw Circus, Paris Sq., (Kikar). 1 more day, 4.30, 8.30.
• Tourist Centre:—
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 22 Hehalutz, Tel. 4876, 67965.

SHAAR HANEGEV

• Theatre:—
Habimah: "Visit of the Old Lady," 8.30.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARMON: Tiger Bay.
EDEN: It Started With a Kiss.
ORIAN: Sans famille.
ORNA: D-Day — the Sixth of June.
JERUSALEM: Somebody Up There Likes Me.
EDISON: Sissi — Schicksalsjahre einer Kaiserin.
RON: I Infideli.
OR-EL: I Want to Live.
SEMADAR: Love is a Many-Splendored Thing.
ZION HALL: Tokyo After Dark.
TEL OR: Le clochard.
STUDIO: La sorciere.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: The Mouse That Roared.
ARMON DAVID: The Trials of Oscar Wilde.
BEN YEHUDA: La Dolce Vita.
CHEN: Man of the West.
EDEN: Dream of Youth.
ESTHER: The Wreck of the "Mary Deer."
GAT: The Glass Tower.
HOD: Expresso Bongo.
MAXIM: Just My Luck.
MOGRABI: Our Man in Havana.
MIGDALOR: Voulez-vous danser avec moi?
OPHIR: Rachel.
ORION: Un temoin dans la ville.
PARIS: The Long Hot Summer.
PEER: The Big Chief.
SHDEROTH: Asphalte.
TAMAR: Sursis pour un vivant.
TCHELET: Tommy Steele's Adventures.
TEL AVIV: Crack in the Mirror.
YARON: Carry on, Teacher.
ZAFON: Tiger Bay.
ZAMIR: The Moonraker.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Rio Bravo.
ARMON: The Gunfight at Dodge City.
ATZMON: Carry on, Nurse.
EN DOR: Quiet.
GAL OR: Les enfants du paradis.
MIRON: Carmen le Sio de Grenada.
MAY: Pillow Talk.
MORIAH: Die Trapp Familie.
ORAH: Le testament du Dr. Cordelier.
ORION: Gun Battle at Monterey.
ORLY: La vache et le prisonnier.
PEER: Les salauds vont en enfer.
TAMAR: Pillow Talk.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
482, 324.4, 240 & 220 M.

News: Hebrew 6.05, 7.00 and 7.35 a.m., 1.30, 3.00, 7.05, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.
6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.
11.00 a.m. Kol Yisrael — for child and youth. 11.50 Ippolitov-Ivanov: Caucasian Sketches; Raval: Menuet Antique. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.20 Oriental Songs. 12.45 Military Bands. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.
4.00 Special Foreign News Programme. 5.05 Announcements. 5.06 "Music for Sunday" — A Special Programme for the Christian Communities — Bach: Sanctus and Hosanna from the Mass in B-minor; Beethoven: Part One of the Mass in C-major, opus 86 (Conductor Sir Thomas Beecham). 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Hebrew Songs. 6.40 Histadrut Programme. 7.20 Let's Sing a New Song. 7.40 "Nations and Countries" — ed. by A. Arad: Switzerland. 8.10 Radio Crossword Puzzle — ed. by Y. Lamdan. 8.40 "The Soloist." 8.50 Bible Reading: Mishlei, Chaps 29, 30 and 31. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Concert by the I.P.O. — Conductor: Sir John Barbirolli; Soloists: Netania Davrat (Soprano), Irma Kolassi (Mezzo-Soprano); with the participation of the Tel Aviv Chamber Choir directed by Elias Lustig: Mahler: Symphony No. 3 in C-minor ("Resurrection"). 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
480, 422.5 & 205.7 M.

Commercial Programme: 6.00 News. 6.05 Opening Announcement. 6.06 "Tunes & Melodies." 6.25 "The Soloist." 6.45 Nations' Songs. 6.50 Weather Forecast. 6.55 Entertaining Orchestra. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen. 6.45 "Star of the Evening." 7.00 Close Down.
IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.20 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 A Lesson in "Tanya" — by Rabbi N. Goldsmith. 10.20 Torelli: Concerto in D for Trumpet and Strings. 10.30 The History of Italian Music — A programme produced by Amnon Shiloah. 11.00 News. 11.15 Close Down.
ARABIC PROGRAMME
491 & 41.7 M.
Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15 and 5.55-11.15 p.m.
KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (33.1 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Heritage. 10.40 "In the Jewish World."
Programme to South Africa: 6.40 News. 6.55 Heritage. 7.10 "In the Jewish World."
ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 285 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.01 Request Programme. 6.40 Songs. 6.55 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 Classical Request Programme — Works by Offenbach, Brahms, Mendelssohn, Gounod, Ammami-Dragon and Liszt. 9.00 "Tel Parod." 9.30 Army's Diary. 9.40 Interlude. 9.50 News. 9.15 "Merry Rhythm." 9.30 "Entry Ticket." 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (48.36, 19.66, 16.86 & 13.98 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, News Comment, International Commentary, Sports Review.
MUSIC U.S.A.; VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News. Open Society. Religion and Ethics on 25 and 31 M. 7.00 News. World Press Roundup on 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News. News Analysis. Report to Europe on 31, 41, 49 M. and 288 K. 9.00 and 10.00 News. Frontiers of History (or) In the Author's Words on 13, 19 and 31 M. 3.00 p.m. News Report to South Asia on 31, 13, and 19 M. 4.00 News. News Analysis. The American Campus on 31, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 News. News Analysis. Report to Middle East on 19, 25 and 31 M. 6.00 News. Religion Today on 31, 19, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 News. Report to Middle East on 13, 25 and 31 M. 7.30 Press Conference, U.S.A. on 13, 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News. Report to Africa on 25 M. 8.30 Musical Life in U.S. on 25 M. 9.00 News. Music, U.S.A. on 25 M. 10.00 News. The Sports Arena. Music, U.S.A. on 25 M. 11.00 News. News Analysis. Radio Amateurs' Notebook on 25, 31, 41 M. and 288 K. 11.30 Music Life in U.S. on 25, 31, 41 M. and 288 K. 12.00 News. News Analysis. Radio Amateurs' Notebook on 25, 31, 41 M. and 288 K.
CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 476 M.): News: 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m. 7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 6.45 The Lanlis Programme. 7.45 Strange Stories of the Sea. 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 Dancer Point.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
July 31, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Agranat and Sussman

Paige Schiff, Appellant, v. 1. Ministry of Agriculture, 2. Director of Waste Lands, Respondents (C.A. 22/60).

District Court Has No Jurisdiction to Consider Claim Against Department of Waste Lands

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on January 7, 1960 (in C.C. 4054/59).

The appellant, Mrs. Schiff, was the owner of 85 dunams of orange groves in the Kfar Ono area. Owing to financial difficulties she was unable to cultivate the groves for a few years. In January, 1958, the Ministry of Agriculture through its Director of Waste Lands warned her that unless she cultivated the orange groves immediately, the Ministry would take them over under the Emergency Regulations (Cultivation of Waste Lands) Ordinance, 1949. When she was unable to comply with this demand owing to lack of funds, the Minister of Agriculture assumed control of the groves in order to ensure their cultivation.

While under control of the Minister of Agriculture, the groves were uprooted and the land leased for vegetable growing. The project proved unsuccessful, the lessee abandoned the land and the Director of Waste Lands eventually sent Mrs. Schiff a bill for approximately IL3,000 for the cost of uprooting the groves, this sum having been fixed by a committee appointed under Regulation 21 of the Cultivation of Waste Lands Regulations.

Mrs. Schiff sued the Ministry and the Director of Waste Lands in the Tel Aviv District Court for IL160,000 damages which she claimed had been caused her by the uprooting of a flourishing orange grove and asked, in addition, for a declaration to the effect that the demand for IL3,000 was unlawful.

The Ministry and the Director of Waste Lands applied to the court to have the case dismissed in limine on the grounds of want of jurisdiction, arguing that only a committee appointed by the Minister of Justice under Regulation 21 of the Cultivation of Waste Lands Regulations has the jurisdiction to consider questions of payments for property which has been lost, destroyed or damaged during the period of control.

Judge Yoran of the Tel Aviv District Court allowed the application and dismissed the action in limine. Mrs. Schiff thereupon appealed to the Supreme Court.

Regulation 20 of the Cultivation of Waste Lands Regulations provides that any waste land or other property which is under the control of the Minister of Agriculture by virtue of the Regulations, shall "upon expiration of the period of control be restored to the person then entitled to have control thereof"; and that "a committee established under Regulation 21 shall determine whether, and if so, to what amount, payment shall be made to the owner in respect of any property handed over to a cultivator under these Regulations and which has been lost, destroyed or damaged (otherwise than by ordinary wear and tear) during the period of control, and it shall likewise determine who is liable to pay that amount."

Regulation 21 provides that: "(a) There shall be established committees which shall consist of three members appointed by the Minister of Justice in consultation with the Minister of Agriculture and the Minister of Minorities, and of whom one shall have had agricultural experience or an agricultural education and be the chairman of the committee and the other two shall be representatives of the public. (b) The decisions of the committee constituted under subsection (a) shall be final and non-appealable, and they may be executed like non-appealable judgments of a court of law."

Mr. S. Rubinstein appeared for the appellant and Mr. Z. Terlo, Deputy State Attorney, for the respondents.

Judgment

The President, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, Justices Agranat and Sussman concurring, said that he could not express any opinion on the merits of the case on the strength of the appellant's allegations only, in the absence of any statement of defence by the respondents. But, he continued, if the appellant's version be correct and if the District Court has in fact no jurisdiction to consider her claims, there is grave cause for anxiety and the sooner the matter be brought to the attention of the legislature the better.

The President then went on to consider the question of the District Court's jurisdiction. After considering Mr. Rubinstein's arguments in detail he concluded that if the Minister of Agriculture assumes control of land which is planted with groves then he must, at the end of the period of control, return such land together with the groves. So that if at the time the land is returned the groves are non-existent, because they were "lost, destroyed or damaged (otherwise than by ordinary wear and tear)" then, in accordance with the Cultivation of Waste Lands Regulations only the committee appointed by the Minister of Justice has the jurisdiction to determine whether, and if so to what amount, payment shall be made for the groves to the owner. He wished to emphasize, he continued, that this was the legal position without any connection with the factual position, of which the court was in ignorance.

The jurisdiction given to the committees, continued the President, is very wide and covers payments of any kind, whether they be compensation or restitution or anything else, and whether they result from negligence or not. Nor, he continued, are the committees restricted in any way on the question of who should be made liable for the payments.

As to Mr. Rubinstein's doubts concerning the degree of justice which could be expected from a committee of this nature, the fact is, said the President, that these committees are not composed of people who are subservient to the Minister of Agriculture — as alleged by him — but are appointed by the Minister of Justice, albeit in consultation with the Minister of Agriculture. It is true, however, he continued, that it would appear that in the present case a senior official of the Department of Waste Lands in the Ministry of Agriculture had served as chairman of the committee which had decided on the IL3,000 payment to be made by the appellant; so that, in fact, he, in his quasi-judicial capacity as chairman of this committee, had passed judgment on himself in his capacity as an official of the Department of Waste Lands. But the composition of this committee and its functions were laid down by the law.

These committees, however, continued the President, are quasi-judicial bodies and although their decisions are final and non-appealable, they are not immune from the criticism and control of the High Court of Justice. Furthermore, he said, if the appellant's Counsel was of the opinion that the uprooting of an orange grove does not come within the powers conferred on the Minister of Agriculture by the Regulations, it is most surprising that he should have raised this point only six or seven years after the event; and if the uprooting had been lawful then there is nothing to prevent the appellant from filing a claim with the committee for compensation for the loss, destruction or damage done to her property — if she can in fact prove the facts alleged by her.

The appeal should, therefore, be dismissed.

Appeal dismissed without costs.

Judgment given on June 26, 1960.

IT'S THE LAW

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DEPARTURES: El Al 421 to Zurich, Amsterdam and London—0700. T.W.A. 876 to Rome, Milan, Geneva, Paris, Boston, New York and Chicago—0810. Olympic 833 to Athens—0920. El Al 401 to Rome—1230. El Al 201 to Paris and New York—1530. Air France 187 to Rome and Paris—1700. B.O.A.C. 904 to Teheran—2255.

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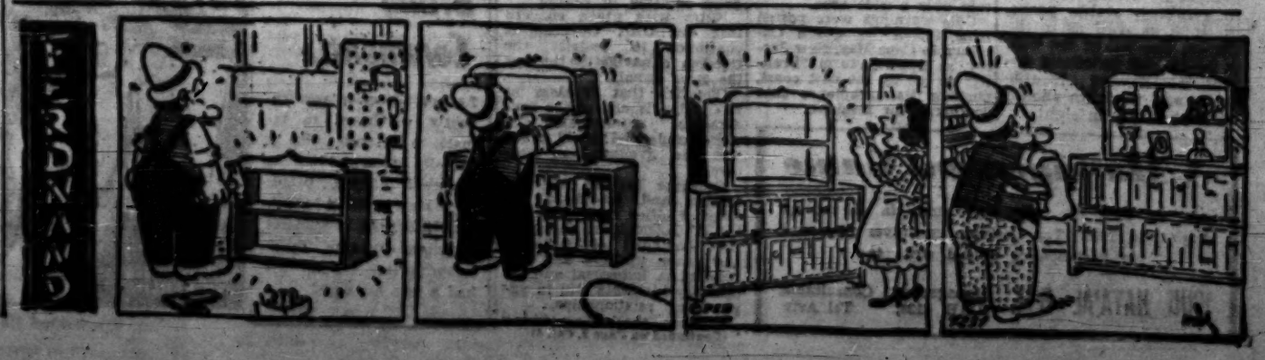

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The Weather

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	40	16—30	16—28
Tiberias	36	22—35	26—34
Haifa Port	37	24—28	24—26
Natanya	33	21—31	21—30
Tel Aviv Kirya	37	23—30	22—29
Tel Aviv Port	33	25—27	25—27
Lydda Airport	31	18—30	19—30
Jerusalem	26	17—25	17—27
Beersheba	40	20—32	20—32
Eilat	44	26—39	26—38

*) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Temperature range yesterday evening. C) Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Shlomo Lorincz, Agudat Yisrael M.K., from London (by El Al).

Mr. Syara Amasara, Senior official in the Thai Ministry of Agriculture, as a guest of the Government (by K.L.M.).

Dr. Arthur Liveran, of the Foreign Ministry, from Canada where he fulfilled various functions with U.N. bodies.

Messrs. Nehemet Djevdet, M. Supbi and T. Marata, of the Cypriot Ministry of Agriculture, as guests of the Government (by Cyprus Airways).

Mr. Shimon Horn, Director of the Investment Authority in New York, for a week's consultations with the Ministries of Finance and Commerce and Industry (by El Al).

Mr. Seymour Bronfman of New Brunswick, N.J.; Mr. and Mrs. Sam Roebin of Milwaukee, Wis.; Mrs. Gertrude Hammerschlag and Mrs. Helen Bornstein of Miami Beach, Fla. — all under the auspices of the Israel Bond Organization.

DEPARTURES

Mr. Hugo de Tamm, the Swedish Ambassador to Israel, for a 7-week home leave (by S.A.S.C.).

Haim Landau, Herut M.K., to Argentina and other South American countries, on behalf of the Herut Appeal (by El Al).

Dr. J. L. Gewirtz, Visiting Professor of Psychology at the Hebrew University, for Bonn, where he will lecture on "The Affects of Affective Privation in Childhood" at the International Congress of Scientific Psychology.

Mr. Robert MacNaught, director of the movie, "David" which was filmed locally, with part of his staff.

Independence For Mauritania

PARIS (UPI). — President de Gaulle has agreed to grant independence to the North African republic of Mauritania, according to well-informed sources here.

Mauritania, south of Morocco and north of Senegal, is the only remaining member of the 12-nation French Community which has not attained independence. The Islamic republic has been claimed by Morocco.

Although Mauritania has its own government and elected leaders, France still exercises control of its defence and foreign affairs.

BOYCOTT

(Continued from Page One)

workers of all nations are united by the same fundamental interests and should refuse to be misled and set against one another.

Rejects as totally inadequate attempts to justify interference in Israel shipping on grounds of war between the U.A.R. and Israel.

Holds with the utmost conviction that disputes between nations can only be sharpened by unilateral governmental action and that they be referred to conciliatory procedure of the U.N.

Therefore addresses an urgent appeal to the UAR Government to honour its international undertakings by renouncing action against ships in the Suez Canal and placing reliance on U.N. procedures.

Calls upon all unions affiliated with the ITF to make representations to the UAR Government on this matter and further urge upon their respective governments that they likewise make such representations.

Suggests that affiliated unions report to the ITF Secretariat at regular intervals as to development and progress achieved and that the Secretariat should in turn keep affiliated unions informed.

Recommends that action envisaged in the resolution be conducted where necessary and possible on a broad and joint basis among affiliated unions.

The Executive Committee is urged ... to devise action to utilize all united efforts of all affiliates to seek relief from this condition which is intolerable to all seamen.

An amendment by delegates from Alexandria which would have the Federation not intervene in the blockade on the grounds that it should be impartial towards political disputes between countries, received the votes of only Egypt, Aden and Pakistan.

Our diplomatic correspondent adds that observers in Jerusalem point out that this is the first time that an international labour union has demanded direct action against the UAR blockade and blacklisting policy and Cairo's efforts to involve other countries in the Israel-Arab dispute.

The Berne decision can rightly be seen as a follow-up to the picketing in New York of the UAR vessel Cleopatra by the Seafarers International Union last April.

A. Cohen Committed to Trial For Contacting Foreign Agent

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA.—Aharon Cohen, Mapam's authority on Middle East affairs, who was arrested two years ago on suspicion of maintaining contact with a foreign agent, was on Friday committed to trial in the District Court.

The decision was handed down by Relieving President B. Zohar, of the Haifa District Court, sitting as an Examining Judge. The major portion of the preliminary hearing was held in camera.

Judge Zohar rejected the request of defence counsel Eliezer Toister to dismiss the charges on the grounds that Cohen had given a reasonable explanation for his actions. The defence also requested the Court to consider whether it would not be against the public interest to bring Cohen to trial.

In handing down his decision, Judge Zohar said the evidence produced by the prosecution constituted a *prima facie* case in support of the charges. The evidence included Cohen's explanations of his contacts with a foreign agent. The Security Services had found these explanations unsatisfactory.

(According to the law under which Cohen is to be tried, the onus of proof of such "reasonable explanation" in such cases is on the accused.)

Charge Reasonable

"The prosecution has done what was required of it at this stage by producing evidence that makes the charge appear reasonable," said Judge Zohar. "It will be up to the Court to pass judgement on the reasonableness of the defendant's explanations."

District Attorney Yosef Bahalul appeared for the prosecution. Several reels of tape recordings of Cohen's interrogation were produced in evidence.

Cohen, a member of Kibbutz Sha'ar Ha'amakim and the author of several books on Arab affairs, was arrested in October 1958. Because of his poor health, he was released on IL10,000 bond the following month. Cohen has not been active in Mapam affairs since 1954. He is married and the father of two children.

AHARON COHEN

Three-Month Sentence For Eshed Driver

A 23-year old Eshed bus driver, Dov Goldstein, was on Friday sentenced to three months in prison and disqualified from driving for one year.

He was found guilty by Judge Y. Harish in Jerusalem of having caused the death of a cyclist by making a sharp turn without first making sure that the road was clear.

The accident occurred last year on the Shikun Hapolanim road near Ashkelon, when the bus hit and killed Vita Ba'adon. Judge Harish also took into consideration the contributory negligence of the deceased, whose bicycle was without brakes. *(Itim)*

Five Injured In Road Collision

ACRE. — Five persons were injured on Friday morning when a bus and a truck collided on the Acre-Safad road.

The bus, carrying a full load of passengers, was on its way from Kafr Yassif to Acre. It was passing a truck when the truck swerved left into a barely visible dirt road. The surprised bus driver braked immediately but it was too late to avoid the collision.

Four of the bus passengers and a passenger sitting next to the truck driver were injured. They were taken by Magen David Adom ambulance to hospital in Haifa.

Mother of 7 Prefers Jail to IL50 Fine

A 30-year-old Jerusalem mother, who two months ago invaded a school in Katamon Vav, attacked the teacher of her seven-year-old child, and threw a chair at her child's classmates, was on Thursday fined IL50 with the alternative of serving one week in jail.

The woman, Mrs. S. M., told the Chief Jerusalem Magistrate that she had no money and preferred going to jail. She has seven children at home.

On May 3, the teacher sent Mrs. S. M.'s child home to bring her school books, which she had been in the habit of forgetting. The child returned with her mother, who proceeded to attack the teacher and the other pupils.

Two Zealots Held

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A sharp-eyed police sergeant, Mr. Y. Eisner, on Thursday evening arrested two draft dodgers during a Naturei Karta demonstration in Jerusalem in the Romema Quarter.

The two are Uri Blau, 30, son of Amram Blau one of the leaders of the ultra-orthodox sect which does not recognize the State of Israel; and Ya'acov Samet, 23. Both failed to report for military service. A detention against Blau was issued more than two months ago; against Samet two years ago.

The two were participating in a demonstrating calling on residents of Jerusalem to wear modest clothing.

They were released on IL1,000 bail each by the Jerusalem Magistrate on Friday.

Paper Acquitted Of 'Sub Judice' Charge

TEL AVIV. — The District Court on Friday rejected an appeal against the acquittal of the editor and a reporter of "Yediot Aharonot," who had been cleared by the Magistrate's Court of the charge of publishing a story liable to influence the course of a trial and its outcome.

The District Court judgment emphasized the importance of maintaining a free press, which should not be overly restricted in presenting legitimate news.

The prosecution appealed the acquittal of Mr. Noah Moses, the paper's responsible editor, and its reporter, Mr. Ram Oren. The charge against them was that on November 5, 1958, they published an item on Raphael Blitz in which he was quoted as telling Mr. Oren, "I regret all I did and am prepared to bear the penalty." Blitz at the time was on trial for the murder of Ya'acov Piatelli in front the Zafon Cinema. Blitz was later found guilty and given a life sentence.

Judge Avissar noted in his judgment that the question of the possible influence of newspaper publications on the judges or the witnesses in a particular case was not a simple one. If a paper states that a man accused of murder has confessed his guilt (to the paper), is this liable to influence the judges or the witnesses? According to Judge Avissar, it would not necessarily influence the judges.

Judge Avissar maintained that the law should be applied flexibly so that it would prevent publication of news where there was a well-grounded suspicion that it might influence the course of a trial and permit publication where good grounds for such suspicion did not exist.

Judges Chernobilsky and Maichi concurred in the decision. *(Itim)*

Two Beduin Get Life Sentences for Murder

Two Beduin were on Friday sentenced to life imprisonment for murder. Another 17-year-old Beduin received four years for being an accessory to the crime. Sentence was handed down by the Jerusalem District Court.

The actual killing was done by el-Abad who suspected his victim, Ibrahim el-Fakir, of having run off with his wife. In company with the second accused, Awad el-Gilan, and the 17-year-old boy, he pursued el-Fakir in a car as the latter was travelling to Beersheba by taxi last October. He overtook the car near Kibbutz Beit Kama. While el-Gilan held the victim, el-Abad stabbed him six times with a dagger. The 17-year-old boy meanwhile rained blows on the victim.

They were apprehended by two members of the kibbutz.

Inquiry Body Named On Plane Crash

The Minister of Transport has appointed a committee of inquiry to investigate the crash of the Chim-Avir Piper Cub plane while spraying the fields of Moshav Uza in the Negev. The pilot, Amnon Kruvi, was killed.

The committee is headed by Mr. S. A. Sacuzpak, a Jerusalem lawyer. The other members are Dr. David Abir of the Technion, and Rav-Seren Meir Rof.

Israel Challenge To Arab Sport Boycott

TEL AVIV. — The International Olympic Committee will discuss at its next meeting a draft resolution to be tabled by Israel which would forbid the holding of regional games in any country unwilling to grant entry-visas to the athletes of any other countries in its region. This was disclosed at a press conference in Beit Sokolow on Friday by Mr. Shalom Zysman, Chairman of the Israel Olympic Committee and head of Israel's delegation to the Olympic Games in Rome.

Mr. Zysman stated that the Head of the International Olympic Committee's Office has confirmed the receipt of the Israel draft resolution and has placed it on the agenda of the meeting that will be held during the Rome Olympiad. A bitter fight in connection with the Mediterranean Games is expected at the session.

Athletes Chosen

All the athletes who will represent Israel in Rome next month have been chosen, with the exception of the rifle team and the fencers, for whom the final trials will be held no later than next Tuesday, Mr. Zysman said. He emphasized that the delegation was made up by stop-watch and metre, and no consideration was given to the interests of the various sports organizations and pressure groups.

The Israel Olympic Delegation will leave for Rome on the 21st of August and will return aboard the s.s. Artza on September 14 at the latest. It will comprise 44 athletes who will participate in the following events: weightlifting, women's gymnastics, track-and-field, fencing, swimming, cycling, basketball and target shooting. The team will be accompanied by five trainers.

Mr. Haim Globinski, the Honorary Secretary of the Olympic Committee, stated at the press conference that IL80,000 will be required to send the delegation to Rome, whereas only IL32,000 has been raised to date. He hoped that the Government would provide the missing funds in accordance with its promise that no athlete would be left out of the Olympics for lack of funds. *(Itim)*

Japanese Socialist On Official Visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prof. Yoshihiko Seki, a leader of the Japanese Socialist Party, arrived last night for a five-day visit in Israel as guest of the Government and Mapai.

Prof. Seki, who is a lecturer on the history of political thought and specializes in socialist theory, is known as a non-Marxist and supports the political trend of British socialism. During Japan's recent political crisis Prof. Seki is understood to have taken exception to his party's extreme anti-American attitude. He arrived in Israel from the Berlin conference of the Congress on Intellectual Freedom.

CLEAN-UP. — The Council of the Federation of Italian Newspaper Publishers on Friday pledged to reduce the volume of, and stress on, crime reporting.

Sabra Refugee from Katanga Arrives to Settle in Beersheba

By H. BEN-ADI, Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — One of the Jewish refugees from Katanga Province in Congo, Mrs. Gordona Ben-Atar, arrived here with her two children on Friday to join her parents, who live in this city.

She told *The Jerusalem Post* that her husband, Baruch, had returned to Elisabethville to wind up his business affairs after escorting his family to safety over the Rhodesian border. She has not heard from him since arriving in Israel on Thursday along with eight other immigrants from Katanga.

Mrs. Ben-Atar, who is a fifth generation *sabra*, said the family would now settle in Israel. She met her husband, a commercial agent, while on a visit to Salisbury seven years ago.

At noon on July 9, said Mrs. Ben-Atar, the radio issued a warning to the white population to leave immediately. The family left their half-eaten meal on the table and the house unlocked and left with several other Jewish families in a convoy of eight cars. She said they arrived in Rhodesia without incident although a convoy of 20 cars that left shortly after them was attacked by Congolese soldiers. At the Rhodesian border post, the British authorities helped them to proceed to Salisbury, where the Jewish community aided them in reaching Cape Town. There, the South African Zionist Federation arranged for airtransport to Israel.

Mrs. Ben-Atar said that the Chief Rabbi of Congo, Rabbi Moshe Levy, whom she met in Salisbury, told her there had been considerable looting in Elisabethville shops owned by whites. He said that not a single Jew had been harmed bodily and the Jewish institutions had remained untouched. He said that the fury of the population had been turned mainly against Belgian and Greek shop owners.

Midnight Picnic On Alexander R.

MICHMORET. — Hundreds of cars milled around in the darkness on the edge of the Alexander River near here on Friday night as over 3,000 people came out to the first of the "Midsummer Night Picnics" organized by the "Hevra Hamehubedet Le-Iruim Ltd."

The place, which is one of the Sharon's beauty spots, usually accommodates 1,000 persons every Friday night for dancing. But in this case the "successful" publicity brought out the Tel Aviv's 'Cafe Society' crowd. The traffic fiasco was blamed by the organizers on the local police in Natanya who, they claimed, did not bother to send out traffic policemen to keep order.

Part of the crowd found difficulty in finding transport back to Tel Aviv when the show, which included popular entertainers such as the 'Reim' guitar duo and Yossi Banai, was over at 1.00 a.m.

Kinneret Festival During Succot

TIBERIAS. — Water sports, musical programmes, and moonlight sailing to the music of ship-borne bands will be among the events of the First Kinneret Festival to open here on October 26.

The festival is being organized by the Municipality, the Government Tourist Office and the Hotel Owners Association. It is hoped to attract the Succot holiday tourist trade. *(Itim)*

Two Girls Hurt In Mysterious Blasts

TEL AVIV. — Two little girls were injured on Thursday in two explosions that occurred under mysterious circumstances in an empty lot next to the house at No. 3 Etzion Street in Ramat Gan.

At noon, six-year-old Michal Gross left her house and walked across the neighbouring lot. Suddenly an explosion was heard, and passers-by who rushed to the scene found that she had sustained injuries to the toes of her right foot.

Towards evening, Batya Chalvan, 8, of 130, Modi'in Street, Ramat Gan, crossed the same lot and was wounded in the thigh by a second explosion. The police sent sappers and a chemist to investigate and uncover any explosive material that might have been in the area. The two girls were returned home after receiving first aid.

Help for Elderly In Civil Service

Job applicants who are over the age of 50 can now be hired by the civil service without special approval of the Civil Service Commission, according to a circular published by the Commission last week. The new rule is based on the Employment Service Law of 1959, which bars discrimination on the basis of age.

However, the form of employment will continue to be a special contract, limited to a number of years, without pension rights.

The Commission also announced that henceforth the application fee for civil service jobs will be IL5 for each application.

Eighth 'Yerach Kala' Opens at Ponevez

BNEI BRAK. — The eighth annual "Yerach Kala" summer Talmud study course will open at the Ponevez Yeshiva here today.

Rabbi Yosef Kahanmann, the founder of the Yeshiva, will preside at the opening session. Lessons will be given in both Hebrew and Yiddish. They will be devoted to the commentaries of Rashi and Maimonides.

To Poll Israelis On Treatment of Tourists

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Israel runs a close second to the U.S. in the number of tourists visiting Switzerland this summer, Mr. T. Kollek, the Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office and Chairman of the Board of the Government Tourist Corporation, said on his return from Europe on Friday. In general, he said, Israel tourists constitute a large part of European tourism this year.

Mr. Kollek revealed that a poll would be taken among Israelis who went abroad this year to obtain new suggestions for dealing with tourists in Israel.

INDUSTRY, FINANCE and COMMERCE

Building Costs May Rise In Wake of C-o-L Payment

Post Labour Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — Building costs may rise by two per cent. should the contractors accept the Histadrut demand for payment of an additional cost-of-living allowance to their employees, the chairman of the Building Contractors Association, Mr. Aharon Goldstein, told *The Jerusalem Post*.

This is the first declaration from an employer group that the C-o-L allowance, if accepted by the employers, would be passed on to the consumers. The cost of flats would obviously go up, Mr. Goldstein admitted.

He pointed out that the collective agreement on the C-o-L allowance between his Association and the Building Workers Union was linked to the agreement between the Histadrut and the Manufacturers Association.

It is understood that the Manufacturers Association heads preferred to hold a further meeting with the Histadrut this week in order to see how the internal Histadrut debate over the manner of payment of the allowance would end. It is felt that now that a compromise decision to "freeze" part of the allowance payment has been adopted, the employers may more readily accept the Histadrut's demand.

Driven Together

It is also understood that the C-o-L Allowance row has brought the various employers' organizations much closer together. Informal talks have been going on for some time now between them concerning the formation of a "roof" organization which would coordinate their policies and actions. It is thought that the Histadrut may have unwittingly brought the creation of a united employers' opposition much nearer by its decision to demand the payment of an extra C-o-L Allowance.

From employers' circles *The Jerusalem Post* learns that the waning of the General Zionist Party as an effective political body has brought home the need to the leaders of employers' groups for an efficient organization which could present their viewpoints more successfully to the authorities.

More Israel Bonds Being Converted

By DAVID KRIVINE
Post Economic Reporter

The conversion of Israel Bonds into local currency has risen markedly in the first half of 1960, reaching $13.6m., as against $9.2m. in the corresponding period of last year.

Bonds purchased overseas may be redeemed by tourists to finance their trip and stay in in Israel, or by fund-raising institutions that receive bonds from donors, or by persons holding bearer bonds for at least two years, who wish to exchange them for investments in local enterprises. During the whole of 1959 $8.8m. worth of bonds were converted into investments, whereas the sum during the first six months of this year comes to $8.7m. This rise manifests the increased readiness shown abroad for doing business in Israel.

The greater flow of tourists has been reflected in a more than proportionate rise in bond conversions, to the amount of $2.5m. so far, which is the sum total that was converted under this head during the whole of last year. Institutions have converted $4.3m. as compared with $3m. during the 12 months of 1959.

Total conversion last year came to $19.3m., and about $21m. was set aside in this year's budget for the redemption of what was thought would be a slightly greater number of bonds in 1960. In the event, the call made on local currency will probably exceed the budget provision, and this must press on government funds intended for development purposes. In the long term, however, the use of bonds for direct investment in Israel enterprises is to be welcomed, since it broadens the field of business activity by investors from abroad.

Aguda Forms Own Labour Federation

Agudat Israel has decided to set up its own labour federation following the break in relations with Poalei Agudat Israel. The break occurred when the latter joined the Government coalition.

The Rebbe of Gur yesterday instructed his *hassidim* to stop reading "She'arim," the Poalei Agudat Israel newspaper. He also called on them to turn in their Poalei Agudat Israel membership cards to their synagogue *gabbaim* so that the cards could be returned *en masse*.

The directive was issued in a message read out in the synagogues and shtiblech of the Gur *hassidim*.

Kibbutz and Borchard Divide Up Ships

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Lots drawn in an auditor's office on Friday afternoon settled the future ownership of the four freighters of the dissolved Atid Navigation Company. The 4,250-ton Amal and the 2,700-ton Palmach went to the Borchard group, while the Atid and the Palyam were allotted to the Kibbutz Hame'uhad.

The dissolution of the 5-year-old partnership and the distribution of the four ships ends the open conflict of four months which had kept the Amal and Atid idle in Haifa port, at considerable loss to both parties.

New crews will board both ships today and they will be put back into service this week. The Borchard group expects to operate its vessels under an arrangement with Zim on the Mediterranean and Northwest Europe runs. It is expected that the Kibbutz Hame'uhad will make a similar arrangement, as it would be unprofitable to set up a separate organization to run two small freighters.

Luxury Liner Due Sunday for 4 Days

HAIFA. — Nearly 500 tourists, mainly from Britain, are due here today aboard the 28,000-ton liner, s.s. Andes. The ship is calling at Haifa for a four-day visit, the longest stay any foreign passenger vessel has made here. The ship is on a three-week cruise of the Mediterranean, and Haifa is her only port of call in the Middle East.

Increase in Mid-East Oil Production

LONDON (Reuter). — Oil production in the Middle East totalled nearly 127,400,000 metric tons during the first six months of this year — an increase of over 14 million tons compared with the first half of 1959 — the Petroleum Information Bureau announced here.

The Bureau said that all leading producing countries showed record yields.

The biggest percentage increase was registered by Iraq, with a production of over 23,000,000 tons — an increase of 17 per cent compared with the first half of 1959.

Persia produced 24,500,000 tons; Saudi Arabia 20,500,000 tons; and Kuwait — the largest producer in the Middle East — over 39,650,000 tons.

The Bureau added that a high rate of output was expected to be maintained in the coming months.

BAR ASSOCIATION

The offices of the Tel Aviv branch of the Israel Bar Association will be closed in the afternoon during the summer Court Recess, between August 1 and September 20.

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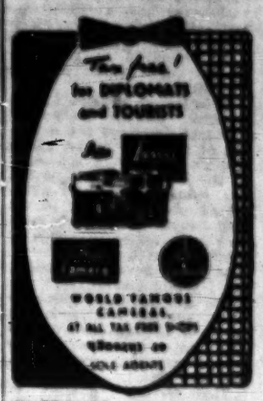

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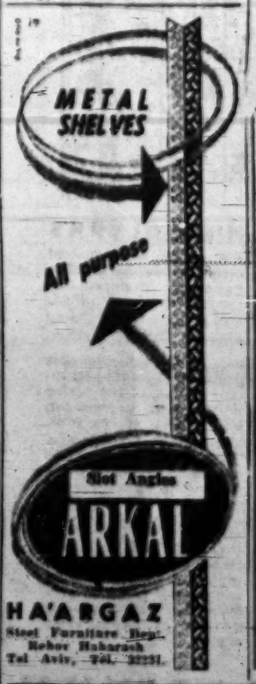

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J. ABRAMOV
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THE JEWISH SCENE

PROBLEMS OF MAGHREB JEWRY

By Geoffrey Wigoder

By GEOFFREY WIGODER

THE two major pressure areas in the contemporary Jewish world are the Communist countries and the Arab lands. In North Africa the majority of the Jews regard the future with apprehension: even those in Algeria, who had felt secure in their French citizenship, were recently amazed when President de Gaulle spoke of the "French, Moslem and Jewish communities in Algeria." It is true that the President was delineating the various groups (the Moslems are, after all, also French citizens) but Algerian Jews were dismayed to hear the official dichotomy between French and Jews.

A series of articles in the London "Jewish Chronicle" has just described the situation of Maghreb Jewry, which had its moment of splendour in the early Middle Ages but has subsequently lived a fossilized existence. Only in the last couple of decades have they been really conscious of their link with outside Jewry. One factor here was Zionism, the establishment of the State and the mass immigration; another has been the work of international Jewish organizations such as the Alliance Israelite, the J.D.C., Ort and Ose.

The *mellah* (ghetto) of North Africa is probably the most serious example of squalor in the Jewish world. Tens of thousands of Jews live in tragic overcrowding, surrounded by abject poverty, misery and disease. Thus in Casablanca, half the city's 80,000 Jews live in the *mellah* — often 10 or more in an insanitary room.

Fifty years of French rule did little to raise the Moroccan Jews from the status of third-rate citizens, although they have gained certain political rights, and the rule of King Mohammed is not unenlightened, at least as far as his internal Jewish policy is concerned. Jews recently voted for the first time for the Casablanca Municipality and secured fifteen seats on the council. However the watchword of the country is Moroccanization and its principal object is freedom from French influence, but this affects the Jews as, for historical reasons, the Jews — especially the prosperous ones — had tended to ally themselves with the French. The majority today would gladly settle down as Moroccan citizens but there are signs that "Moroccanization" is — consciously or unconsciously — gradually driving them into isolation.

The situation in other Maghreb countries varies. In Libya, the Jews are subject to increasingly severe restrictions. Thus Jewish businesses have to accept an Arab partner if they wish to remain open. In Tunisia, the Jewish community has hopes of Bourguiba's benevolence but are worried by some of his gibes, such as his remark that he would not tolerate "citizens with their feet in Tunisia and their heart in Jerusalem." In Algeria, the Jews are counting on the country retaining its association with France (hence the very small interest in immigration to Israel from that country).

Jews of Harlem

ONE of the Hebrew dailies carried a report recently from a correspondent who had visited the Negro synagogue in Harlem, New York. She reports on the four-hour Sabbath morning service (including organ, mixed choir singing arias by Bach, Handel and Haydn, and a collection). She also mentions the community's tradition that it is descended from the Lost Ten Tribes and the connection it claims with the Falashas of Abyssinia. When she asked about their numbers she was told that this synagogue was a centre for thousands of Negro Jews from as far away as Haiti. She adds that they regard their spiritual centre as Addis Ababa and avoided an answer when she enquired about the possibility of their settling in Israel.

Despite these claims of aristocratic descent and connections with the Falashas, scholars have assigned the origin of the American Negro Jewish community to freed slaves of Jewish masters. I last visited their synagogue 12 years ago and vividly recall the points of similarity with a revivalist meeting. The prayers (nearly all in English) are recited antiphonally and instead of ending them with "Amen," the congregation sings a fervent "Hallelujah—Amen." The Rabbi — Rabbi Matthew — pronounced a series of thanksgiving blessings including special thanks to the Lord "for having saved us from the perils of vehicular traffic over the past week."

Rabbi: Carpenter

On one occasion, I wanted to phone Rabbi Matthew to find out what time services began. Consulting the New York Classified Phone Directory under "Ministers of Religion," I discovered "Matthew, Rabbi; carpenter" with a Harlem address. I phoned and put my question whereupon a voice at the other end replied "Everyone makes dat mistake" and banged down the phone. Subsequently I discovered what had happened. It seems there was a Negro carpenter whose Christian name (if it could be so called) was "Rabbi" and he was accordingly listed under "Ministers of Religion." On a more recent visit to New York I took the opportunity to look up the Classified Directory again but, alas, the carpenter was no longer there.

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THE World Conference of General Zionists (which is the group corresponding to the Progressive Party in Israel) met recently in London and our correspondent S. J. Goldsmith has sent us this comment:

The conference was attended by 56 delegates from 27 countries, with the Canadians as observers. It would be fair to say—and I had it confirmed by many delegates — that a sizable majority disliked the whole idea of political parties in Diaspora Zionism. It is hard to say how many of them would join the Progressives if they settled in Israel. Some say frankly that they would join Mapai, which is sufficiently Fabian and Liberal for them. Others would take varying attitudes depending on their economic position and temperament.

But a Zionist Congress is looming and it will be made up of political parties. And the main task of this conference was to formulate the platform of the Confederation for the Congress.

This was not difficult—but there were differences of stress among the delegates. The North Americans, for example, were less inclined to emphasize the immigration aspect than were the Europeans and Latin Americans. However even Mrs. Rose Halperin modified her position on immigration somewhat in her remarkable opening address, while Dr. Israel Goldstein, who is settling in Israel himself, has never seemed to find American *aliya* far-fetched. Mrs. Halperin told me that she was misunderstood on this subject for a long time; some people claimed she even opposed *aliya*. She was—and still is—merely arguing that the application of the axiom "immigration or doom" is unrealistic. Her attitude is flexible and the Confederation will support whatever the Congress decides on the subject.

The Confederation is to advocate the unification of the Jewish Agency's Education and Religious Education Departments. It will support the new rules governing the admission of non-Zionists to the Jewish Agency, propounded by Dr. Goldmann, although the British Zionist Federation (an important segment of the Confederation) does not like them.

The other General Zionist Confederation (corresponding to Israel's General Zionists) held its world conference in Brussels. One of its leaders, Leon Dultzin, visited London and addressed a few meetings, including one of Conservative M.P.'s in the House of Commons. This was very useful to Israel because Dultzin did not mention internal squabbles but spoke as an Israel and Zionist leader. Talking to Jews, Dultzin tried to make friends for his brand of General Zionism, but this has had little appeal in England since Weizmann popularized the other brand, and there is little likelihood of any change.

VISITORS' GALLERY:

American Ballet Dancers

By MARK SEGAL

FIVE million pupils attend ballet classes throughout the U.S., according to Mr. Renzo Raisa, Artistic Director of the American Festival Ballet, which has just completed its first Israel tour. Providence, Rhode Island, which is the size of Tel Aviv, has 14 ballet schools. "It seems that when mothers come to shop in town for the day they prefer to leave their children at the ballet school." Yet the arrangement is expensive. A private lesson of half an hour costs $5, and half-an-hour in a ballet class $2.50.

Mr. Raisa is a broad-shouldered, fair-haired man of 33. His father decided to send him to ballet school at the age of 12 "because I was a rough youngster and he thought the dancing would improve my manners." After being connected all these years with ballet, first as a dancer, then as a teacher and finally as a director, Mr. Raisa believes that girls should start to dance at eight or nine years, but boys may begin later.

Born in Rome to a German father, Mr. Raisa came to the U.S. in 1930 and eventually turned to producing stage and T.V. dance shows. He formed the American Festival Ballet in Chicago in 1956.

Prima Ballerina

The Prime Ballerina of the Ballet Company is doe-eyed Sonia Arova. Born into a leading Bulgarian Jewish family — the Arroyas, an old Sephardi clan — she started dancing at the age of eight. In 1937, aged nine, she was taken off to Paris to study in turn under Petroff, Preobrajenska and Lifar. In 1939 she made her international debut by coming out top in the World Championship of Dancing held in the French capital. In 1941 she managed to reach England and to be accepted by Marie Rambert into her ballet.

Miss Arova has danced leading classical and romantic roles since the age of 15 with such top companies as Les Ballets des Champs-Elysees, the London Festival Ballet, the Ingelsby International Ballet and the company of the Marquis de Cuevas.

During her few years' stay in the U.S. she encountered Martha Graham and remains a great admirer of hers. "Not every dancer is suited to Miss Graham's style, and that includes myself." She holds that the classical dance is the basis of all dance forms and no dancer can hope to succeed without this good basic training.

A dancer's life requires a lot of stamina and Miss Arova's manner of living proves it. She likes the life of constant movement and points out that only the Royal Ballet Companies stay put: all the rest tour. She has an apartment in Place Clichy in Paris and another in New York "but I have never even managed to sleep in that one." A large part of her free time in Israel has been occupied by meetings with her large number of relatives but she has managed to do some shopping. "I bought some hats and bags from a shop in Tel Aviv's Ben Yehuda Street, they are quite as smart as any to be found in Paris," she declares.

Male Lead

At 24, Joseph Savino is already described as "a young man well on the way up to the top." He came to the American Festival Ballet after a long stretch in musical shows such as "Brigadoon" and "Carousel." Born in St. Paul, Minn. to Italian parents, he started dancing at 15 against the opposition of his father — a heavy machine operator. In New York he came in contact with Agnes de Mille, the choreographer — "A fantastic woman — she moulded the ballet into realistic styles of dance." Most dancers in the U.S. nowadays switch back and forth from musicals to ballet. "It's difficult as long as you have a strong basis of classical training." But "nowadays musical comedy directors demand you be acrobat-cum-ballet dancer."

He claims to be lucky — "I am called a 'lyrical, classical expert,' so I have never been out of work whether in musicals or touring with the Ballet Russe de Monte Carlo or the American Concert Ballet." But there are many unemployed dancers in the U.S. Even TV shows don't provide so much work. It is true that many small companies have cropped up in small towns where rich people wish to acquire prestige as patrons of the arts, but if the average dancer is lucky he may work six months out of the year.

This young man with the faunlike face will now leave the American Festival Ballet to join the ballet company of the Zurich Stadttheater. An optimist, he believes that he can keep on dancing until the age of 45.

PEN FRIENDS

JULIA GALLAGHER, 20, whose address is: Room 1, Alexandra Hall, University College of Wales, Aberystwyth, Cardiganshire, Gt. Britain, and who is studying for her B.Sc. degree in geography, geology and zoology, would like to get in touch with someone about her own age who shares her interests. She is considering immigration to Israel and would therefore like to learn as much as possible about the country and its people.

MR. RENE SCHIFFER, 19, of F. C. Donderstraat 23, Bussum, Holland, is looking for a pen friend in Israel.

ROSALIE WILLIAMS, 22, of 2914 Liberty Heights Avenue, Baltimore 7, Maryland, U.S.A., would like to correspond with a boy or girl in Israel.

CYPRUS GOES TO THE POLLS

Victory for Makarios Expected

By KENNETH MACKENZIE

NICOSIA (OFNS). — THE newly-independent island of Cyprus will have its first essay in parliamentary democracy when it goes to the polls today.

The eleventh hour withdrawal of the ultra right-wing party, the Union of Eoka Fighters, has ensured that there will be victory for the pro-Makarios Patriotic Front.

The Patriotic Front put forward 30 candidates on nomination day, the Communist-controlled Akel Party five, and the new Union of Eoka Fighters only four (under the label of "Independents"). Six other Independents were nominated, but at least one or two are expected to drop out. As there are only 35 Greek seats altogether it follows that even if all five Communists are elected (which is possible) plus all Independents (which is unlikely) the pro-Makarios group will still have an overall majority of Greek seats in the 50-member House of Representatives.

Thus, the island's first Parliament will be composed mainly of men who, if not enthusiastic about the Zurich Agreement and its subsequent Cyprus treaties, are at least prepared to try to make a go of it.

The Patriotic Front is hardly a party in terms of European political organization. It is rather a loose, leaderless confederation of all elements supporting Archbishop Makarios, who is increasingly emerging as a bearded father-figure of Cypriot politics, though just as astute as in the days, not so long ago, when British officials regarded him as a latter-day Rasputin. Its 30 candidates — chosen from about 400 aspirants — are a curious cross-section of right-wing, nationalist opinion — with several ex-Eoka members prominent among them.

Enigma of New Party

But the limelight is still on the enigmatic new party, the former hard-core Eoka men. It would be rash to write off their challenge merely because, at the last moment, they decided not to fight all out against the Archbishop's party — but merely to make a token resistance embodied in four candidates. Political observers believe that the reluctance of their former leader, General Grivas, to support them was an important factor in their decision.

Their parliamentary quartet is led by a Nicosia dentist, Mr. Andreas Lambrou, who gave dental treatment in secret to Grivas when British patrols were hunting him. The most significant aspect of this curious election will be the extent to which Mr. Lambrou and his colleagues, who want the Cyprus treaties scrapped lock, stock and barrel, can mobilize popular sentiment beneath their particular banner of patriotism. They may be completely ineffectual as a party, but if they gain a high proportion of votes it will be an ominous sign for Archbishop Makarios.

In the background, playing their hand with caution and skill, are the Communist-dominated Akel. They have made a polling day deal with the Makarios Patriotic Front.

Believing that the highly complicated electoral system, with its multi-member constituencies, was loaded in favour of the majority party, the Communists decided many months ago to fix such a deal whereby, in exchange for not contesting the election, they would be allotted a given number of seats in the first Parliament. After much haggling the number was fixed at five — plus three seats in the lesser Greek communal chamber, polling for which takes place on August 7. True to Cyprus's topsy-turvydom, the Communists have stuck to this *entente* though Makarios's former Eoka supporters have revolted against him.

The five Communist candidates—who are likely to be elected partly because Makarios's supporters, in accordance with the deal, will not record votes against them—include the two most powerful Communists in the island: Mr. Ezekias Papaioanou, secretary of the Akel Party, and Mr. Andreas Ziartides, leader of the militant left-wing trades union federation. In Parliament they are certain to be an astute, ideologically-trained quintet.

Turkish Pattern

Within the Turkish community, the electoral pattern is less complex. Seven independents have appeared on the scene to challenge the 15 candidates who support the Turkish leader and Vice-President-elect of Cyprus, Dr. Fazil Kuchuk. Though there have been recent rumblings of discord within the Turkish community, the Kuchuk men are confident of victory.

One of the most fascinating aspects of future Cypriot politics will be the extent to which the Turkish group will be prepared to cooperate with the pro-Makarios group. They have been bitter adversaries in the past; but now they have common interests to defend, and common enemies to oppose — the Fascist-style champions of Grivas on the Right and Communists on the Left.

FRIDAY'S PRESS

CHIEF RABBINATE

THE time is not auspicious, argues Hatsofe (National Religious), in the welter of intrigue and political manoeuvering that only degrades the high office of the Chief Rabbinate, to rush the elections through, and there is everything to be gained by waiting until the atmosphere clears. A popular movement, which desires to see the Chief Rabbinate in all its glory, is quickening into life and it will prevent hasty elections that might make the Rabbinate a mere figurehead. Herut also feels that there is no point in electing a Chief Rabbi in an atmosphere of bitterness and hatred; nor is there need for Court or Government intervention in the matter. What is needed is tact, self-restraint and understanding on the part of those entrusted with the elections and it is to be hoped that time will heal the ravages of controversy and that Israel will get the Chief Rabbis it deserves.

Hamodia (World Aguda) devotes almost half of its front page and a leading article to the defection of the Aguda Workers and prominently displays the resolutions of the emergency session of the Torah Sages Council. The resolutions state that since the Aguda Workers "have sold themselves to the secular party" and torn themselves away from the parent body, they have placed themselves beyond the pale of the religious community. They call upon the party membership to leave the Pagi ranks and set up an Aguda labour organization.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) avers that the majority decision adopted by the Histadrut Central Committee (with Mapam dissenting), for the liquidation of hired labour in the bus cooperatives, contributes nothing toward the solution of the problem of the continued existence of the set-up as a cooperative economy. Ha'aretz (non-party) detects the possibility of a tendency toward the ultimate nationalization of the cooperatives, with the aim of converting the membership into a group of shareholders. If that materializes, it is feared that the public will have to pay heavily for the liquidation of hired labour by a drop in the efficiency of the public transport system.

The toll taken by airspraying operations is the subject of deep concern to Davar (Histadrut), which feels that a basic enquiry should be launched to find out the root causes of the accidents. At the same time the paper noted that the spraying itself is causing not a little misgiving so far as public health is concerned, and, while it does not advocate stopping it, a way should be found, and without delay, to mitigate the dangers.

For Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda), the importance to Israel of the port town of Eilat does not need overemphasizing, in which light it observes that not all is well there. A number of families have already left for "greener pastures" and others contemplate a similar move. The institutions concerned must forthwith examine the reason for this breakdown in spirit and take immediate steps to correct the most glaring faults and stem the threat of mass desertion.

MUSICAL DIARY

Season's Finale

The Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Heinz Freudenthal, conductor; Yitzhak Blasberger, cello (YMCA Auditorium, Jerusalem, July 26). Beethoven: Symphony No. 2 in D, Op. 36; Hindemith: Chamber music No. 2 for Cello and Ten Instruments; Reger: Variations and Fugue on a Theme by Beethoven.

IN his last concert of the season Mr. Freudenthal proved again his worth as educator and trainer of orchestral groups. The Second Symphony was played with rich sonority and precision. The interpretation was a bit hard on the edges (not enough of the Schubertian overflow of melodiousness was allowed to come out and the second movement seemed too quick for my liking) but this did not detract much from the generally good impression of the orchestra's competence. Reger's fine work, which was heard here for the first time, is demanding in its overthick orchestration. It was also given an impressive rendering, however. It was originally written for two pianos (as opus 86).

Yitzhak Blasberger attended to the solo part in Hindemith's Chambermusic No. 3 with energy and a serious approach, cooperating well with his colleagues. The work itself stems from the composer's not too convincing period of stylistic experiments, and even the performance, well prepared though it was, could not arouse much interest. *YOHANAN BOEHM*

Israel Composers

The Composers Forum sponsored by the League of Composers, Kol Yisrael and the Mifal Artists' Club (Tel Aviv, July 25). Works by Claude Abrabanel and Edri Machat.

THERE is a basic difference of approach, of idiom and means, in the music of these two young composers. Claude Abrabanel, the Jerusalem composer and teacher, is a Swiss-born musician, educated in Geneva and Paris. He studied composition with the great Honegger and came to this country in 1951. Edri Machat, however, is Israel-born, studied at the Tel Aviv Academy and is a pupil in composition of our own Boscovich.

In two of Abrabanel's compositions — a Prelude for Piano and Three Dances for piano (played by the composer) — he shows a serious approach but no great originality. The pieces are fragmentary, the exploitation of the keyboard is not too imaginative, the music is too static as regards tempi and dynamics. The music is completely European in character.

Since working in Israel, on music for texts of the Bible, a tremendous change has come over the composer. The "Four Psalms" for voice and piano make a very strong impression and are genuinely moving. This is music with a strong personal flavour, full of vitality and originality, and a clearly distinguishable local colour. Generally, music for the voice seems to be his stronger side and it would be interesting to hear more works by this gifted musician.

In contrast to Mr. Abrabanel, Edri Machat's strength lies in instrumental music. The two songs, sung by Madame Rivka Mochat, show that his talent is definitely not in the field of vocal music.

His instrument works, the Suite for Piano, "Intonations", and the Suite for String Orchestra, show clearly that his is a real talent. His music is full of lovely melody, beautiful themes, vivid rhythm and often a varied, although not too delicate, colour. And all this breathes a lively Israel atmosphere. The mood is generally bright and he is one of the few local composers of serious music who sees life in vivid and optimistic colours. There are, however, no pretensions towards greater spiritual depth.

The last work performed, a Prelude and Rondo for string quartet, made a lesser impression and seems somewhat lacking in the striking and characteristic features of Machat's music.

Abrabanel's songs, played from tape, found an excellent interpreter in Antonia Lavan. Mrs. Madelaine Oliver's rendering of Machat's piano suite was also finely done.

The Trio was performed by: J. Avidan (violin), N. Harstock (viola) and J. Vistinetzky (cello).

BENJAMIN BAR-AM

Reader's Letter

ARABS AND AFRICANS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your Marginal Column criticizing Nasser's speech about the link between the Arabs and the African peoples, you failed to mention Nasser's omission of the most important connection between the Arabs and the Blacks. From time immemorial, long before Mohammed made a black slave the first muezzin because of his strong voice, the Arabs had black slaves.

White ivory and black ivory — that means black slaves — were the main trade objects, and throughout centuries the cruel Arab slave hunters raided Africa and caused the depopulation of wide parts and perhaps hindered the development of the whole continent.

Arab merchants from Zanzibar migrated to Central Africa to prospect for ivory. They employed natives as porters and then shipped the blacks to the Zanzibar slave markets as a by-product of the ivory trade, when a strong demand for their labour arose in the cloves plantations of Pemba.

The supply of slaves ultimately became such as to permit of a large export across the seas to the Mohammedan countries of Asia. Hence a system grew up of Arab trade routes and trade centres, controlled by certain well-known Arab chiefs.

Here too, in the early days of the Mandate, one could see sad little black shepherds who had been sold to Arab farmers by Beduin who had crossed the frontiers.

Yours, etc.
VERA ROSENBAUM

Tel Aviv, July 24.

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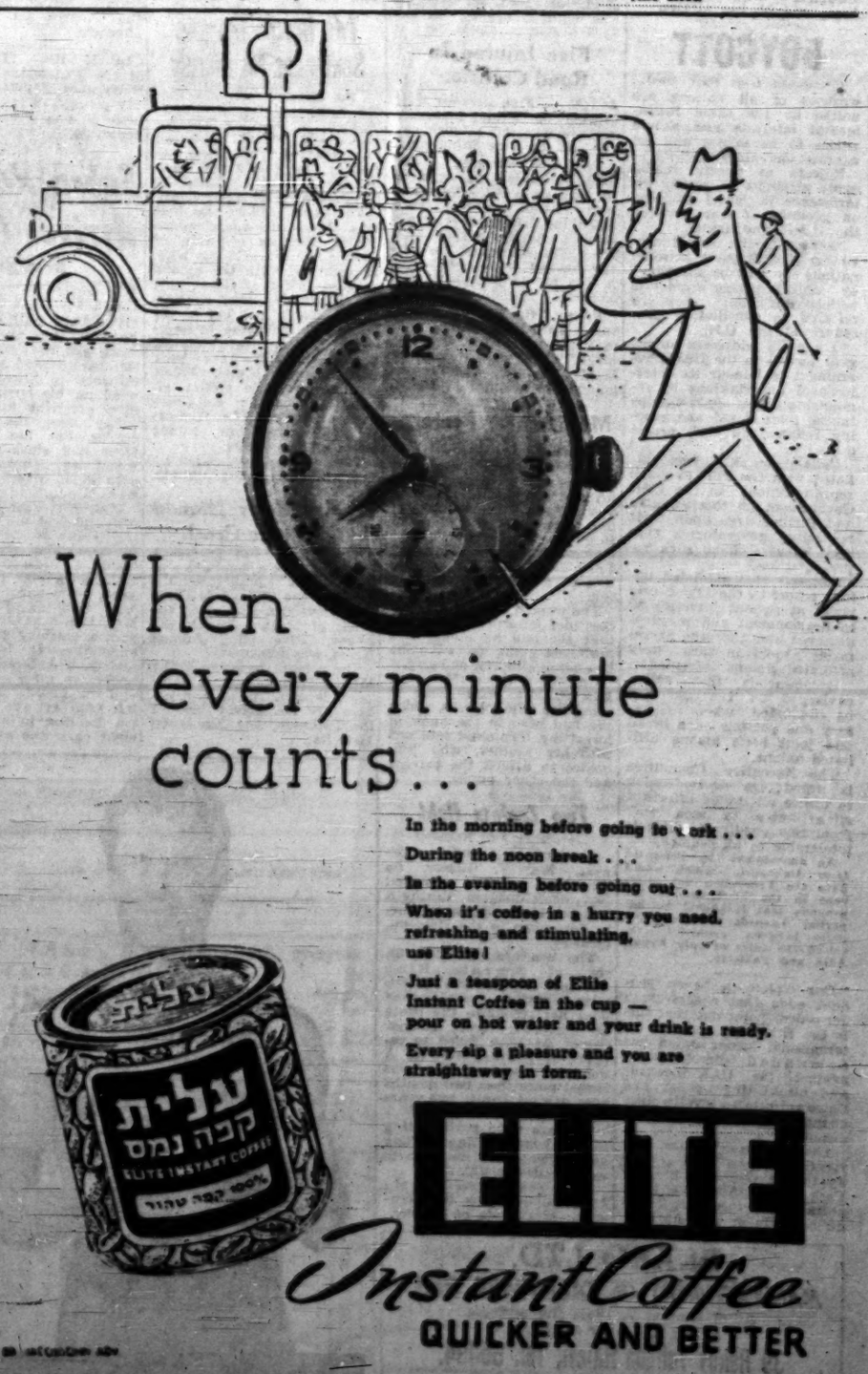
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